

# GCSE Religious Studies

## Component 1: Thursday 9<sup>th</sup> May

Origins and Meanings

Good and Evil

## Component 2: Thursday 16<sup>th</sup> May

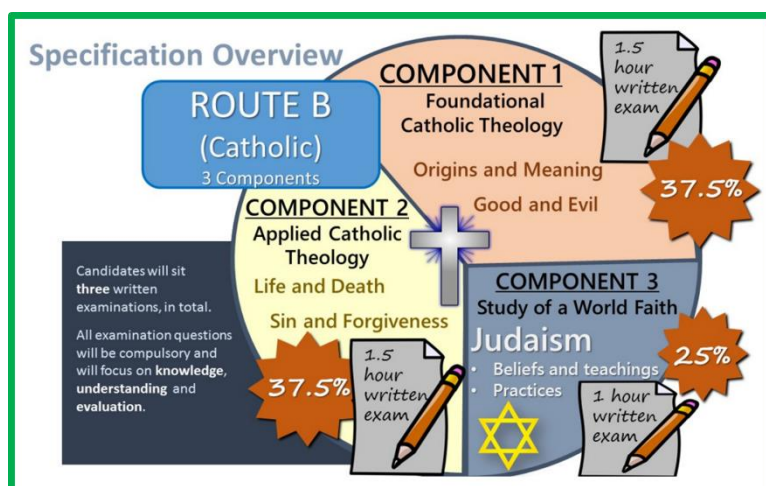
Life and Death

Sin and Forgiveness

## Component 3: Friday 7<sup>th</sup> June

Judaism – Beliefs

Judaism – Practices



**All year 11 students have been provided with a GCSE RE revision pack (free of charge).** This pack contains a revision guide and a revision task booklet for each exam, as well as a key word booklet. Students should use these resources at home to revise.

We have also purchased Kerboodle for all year 11 students, this allows all year 11 students to access the **GCSE revision guide for free online** at [www.kerboodle.com](http://www.kerboodle.com) (students have been given their login details, if any student needs reminding of these, please speak to Miss Murphy).

Electronic copies of the revision guides, as well as a variety of additional resources (videos, past papers, sources of wisdom, quizzes) can be found on Teams and on the website below:



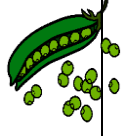

[Miss Watson RE – REVISE FOR YOUR EXAM USING THE MATERIALS LINKED BELOW \(wordpress.com\)](http://MissWatsonRE.wordpress.com)

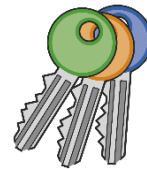
In addition, the Eduqas website has various revision resources which can be found here:

[Eduqas Digital Educational Resources](http://EduqasDigitalEducationalResources)

Specific sources of wisdom (SOW) which students are expected to know (and can be specifically asked about in the exam) can be found here:

[Resource \(educas.co.uk\)](http://Resource(educas.co.uk))

A Skills	B Skills	C Skills	D Skills
State what the word means Give an example	Give 3 beliefs Link 2 SOW/key words Stick to 1 paragraph  Remember: you need a SOW to reach 4 or 5 marks	Use PEE: Point Evidence Explain	Use PEEE: Point Evidence Explain Evaluate
		 <b>Paper 1: You MUST include Catholic &amp; Jewish beliefs OR two Christian traditions!</b>  Aim for 2 detailed PEE paragraphs and be sure to EXPLAIN, don't describe	 <b>Origins and Meanings: You MUST include HUMANISM or Atheism</b>  Use ping-pong arguments – bounce your arguments back and forth like a real discussion! Explain purposeful evaluations and come to a secure judgement in your conclusion.



### Key words that students must know: (A questions)

Absolutism	The belief that there are certain actions that are ALWAYS right/wrong e.g. <i>the Ten Commandments</i> .
Relativism	The belief that the morality of an action always DEPENDS on the situation e.g. <i>'love thy neighbour'</i> and <i>Situation Ethics</i> .
Eucharist	The BODY OF CHRIST in Mass and the sacrament of Holy Communion, <i>'this is my body, given up for you'</i>
Evangelisation	Spreading the 'good news' with the aim of converting others to Christianity; preaching the word of God <i>'go and make disciples of all nations'</i>
Forgiveness	Pardoning someone of their sins; overlooking a person's faults <i>'forgive 70 x 7 times'</i>
Punishment	Someone is given a penalty for a crime or bad action, which they have committed, <i>'an eye for an eye'</i>
Salvation	To save from sin; Jesus did this when he died for us to mend the broken relationship between man and God (atonement) <i>'for us men and for our salvation'</i>
Sin	Acting against the law of God; <i>'go and sin no more'</i>
Conscience	A God-given understanding of what is right/wrong, guided by the Holy Spirit <i>'I believe in the Holy Spirit'</i>
Evil	Actions which are wrong and can be harmful to others and society; a lack of goodness ( <i>Genesis 3 – Fall of Man</i> )
Goodness	The quality of being 'good' or being 'like God'; <i>'and it was good'</i>
Free Will	Humans have the choice to do good or bad actions, <i>'you may eat from any tree...'</i>
Incarnation	Jesus being fully God and fully human at the same time; <i>'the Word made flesh'</i>
Natural Law	Moral laws which are universal and not dependent on human laws; <i>Aquinas</i>
Privation	A lack of something; e.g. evil is a lack of goodness ( <i>Augustine</i> )
Suffering	Where someone experiences pain or is feeling sad because of an illness or the loss of a loved one, <i>'he suffered death and was buried'</i>
Creation ex nihilo	Creation out of nothing (only God can do this) ( <i>Augustine</i> )
Evolution	The process of natural selection where species change over time to suit their environment ( <i>Darwin</i> )
Imago Dei	Humans are made in the image of God ( <i>Genesis and St Catherine of Sienna</i> )
Inspiration	The belief that the Holy Spirit guides and inspires us through life to do good <i>'the Lord, the giver of life'</i>
Omnipotence	The belief that God is all powerful <i>'the Father Almighty'</i>
Revelation	How God reveals his nature to humans in the form of Jesus, <i>'incarnate of the virgin Mary'</i>
Stewardship	The duty to care for creation <i>'work and keep the earth'</i>
Transcendence	God existing outside of time and space <i>'in the beginning there was nothing'</i>
Death	The end of physical life <i>'he suffered death and was buried'</i>
Eternal Life	Life in Heaven after death <i>'I look forward to the resurrection and the life of the world to come'</i>
Heaven	A place of 'unsayable words' – a place of reward where you spend an eternal afterlife with God – <i>Parable of the Sheep and Goats</i>
Hell	A place of 'fire' and punishment – eternally separate from God as punishment for rejecting Him – <i>Parable of the Rich Man and Lazarus</i>
Judgement	Where God will review our actions and decide the fate of our afterlife – <i>the Parable of the Unforgiving Servant</i>
Magisterium	The teaching authority of the Church; guided by the Holy Spirit, exercised by the Pope <i>'I give you the keys to the Kingdom of Heaven'</i>
Resurrection	To rise from the dead e.g. Jesus <i>'He is risen!'</i>
Soul	The spiritual, eternal part of the body which lives on after death <i>'God breathed life into Adam'</i>
Synagogue	Jewish place of worship, study and assembly which contains the <i>Torah and the Mitzvot</i>
Shekinah	Where God's presence can be felt, e.g. <i>the Burning Bush – Exodus – Moses</i>
Shabbat	Day of rest and renewal begins at sunset on a Friday for 25 hours, <i>'keep the Sabbath day holy'</i>
Kosher	Means 'fit' or proper, food prepared according to Jewish law, <i>'do not cook a kid in its mother's milk'</i>
Torah	The Jewish Holy Book, the first 5 books of Moses ( <i>including Genesis and Exodus</i> )
Mitzvot	The 613 duties and good deeds (10 commandments are a part of this) e.g. <i>'do not kill'</i>
Messiah	The anointed one who will bring peace and rebuild the temple ( <i>Micah and Isaiah</i> ). This is <b>not Jesus</b>
Covenant	A promise between two parties. God made these with <i>Noah, Abraham (Genesis) and Moses (Exodus)</i> .

## RE – Route B: Useful Sources of Wisdom which apply to a range of topics

Source	Beliefs/Teachings	Key Quotes	What can we link this SOW to?
Genesis	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ We are all made in the Image of God.</li> <li>✓ Human life is sacred.</li> <li>✓ Only God can give and take life.</li> <li>✓ We have a duty as Stewards to care for God's creation.</li> <li>✓ We have dominion over the world.</li> <li>✓ Catholics – Genesis teaches us what God did, but not how God did it (e.g. 'let there be light' may infer the Big Bang)</li> <li>✓ Fundamentalists – Genesis is the direct word of God.</li> </ul>	<p>'so, God created humankind in his image' – Imago Dei</p> <p>'let there be light'</p> <p>'God blessed them, and God said to them, "be fruitful and multiply, and fill the earth and subdue it"</p> <p>'God breathed into his nostrils, the breath of life and the man became a living being'</p> <p>'work and keep the Earth'</p> <p>'and it was good' (creation)</p> <p>'and it was very good' (humans)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Abortion</li> <li>• Euthanasia</li> <li>• Sanctity of Life</li> <li>• Death Penalty</li> <li>• Stewardship</li> <li>• Creation (Big Bang)</li> </ul>
Nicene Creed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Catholics believe in one God – monotheism.</li> <li>✓ The Holy Trinity is made up of the Father, Son and Holy Spirit.</li> <li>✓ God gave his only son as a sacrifice to reconcile our relationship with him (salvation/redemption/atonement)</li> <li>✓ Jesus is the root to salvation.</li> <li>✓ Jesus is God in human form (incarnation).</li> <li>✓ The Holy Spirit: giver of life (inspiration).</li> <li>✓ Virgin Mary is the mother of Christ</li> <li>✓ The Church is universal, scared, unified and responsible for continuing the work of St Peter (the first apostle and Pope)</li> <li>✓ Baptism cleanses sins and frees us from original sin</li> </ul>	<p>'we believe in one God, the father, the almighty, maker of heaven and earth'</p> <p>'the only Son of God, eternally begotten of the father'</p> <p>'for us men and our salvation he came down from heaven'</p> <p>'he became incarnate of the Virgin Mary, and was made man'</p> <p>'one holy catholic apostolic Church'</p> <p>'we acknowledge one baptism for the forgiveness of sins'</p> <p>'we look forward to the resurrection of the dead and the life of the world to come'</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Holy Trinity</li> <li>• Resurrection</li> <li>• Four Marks of the Church</li> <li>• Salvation</li> <li>• Initiation Sacraments</li> <li>• Mary as a Model of the Church</li> <li>• Paschal Mystery</li> <li>• Forgiveness</li> <li>• Creation</li> </ul>
The Parable of the Rich Man and Lazarus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ We are all made in the Image of God.</li> <li>✓ Beliefs about the afterlife; Eschatology (Judgement, Heaven, Hell and Purgatory)</li> <li>✓ We should always aim to help those who are in need.</li> <li>✓ If you are able, you should help those who are in need, this will influence a Catholic's place in the afterlife.</li> <li>✓ Worldly and earthly possessions have no benefit in the afterlife.</li> <li>✓ Those who suffer on earth will receive their reward in heaven.</li> <li>✓ Particular judgement is final – the afterlife is eternal – we cannot cross from one to the other.</li> </ul>	<p>'it is easier for camel to fit through the eye of a needle, than it is a rich man to enter heaven'</p> <p>'the beggar died and the angels carried him to Abraham's side. The rich man also died and was buried... where he was in torment'</p> <p>'Son, remember that in your lifetime you received your good things, while Lazarus received bad things, but now he is comforted here and you are in agony... those who want to go from here to you cannot, nor can anyone cross over from there to us.'</p> <p>'they have Moses and the Prophets, let them listen to them'</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Salvation</li> <li>• Afterlife</li> <li>• Poverty</li> <li>• Human Rights</li> <li>• Catholic Social Teaching</li> </ul>
The Parable of the Sheep and the Goats	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ The poor and needy are protected by God.</li> <li>✓ The 'least of these' show that the poor and needy are Jesus in disguise.</li> <li>✓ Those who protect the poor and needy through charity work show their love to both God and their neighbour → end result is Heaven with God.</li> <li>✓ Those who live selfishly and greedily reject both God and their neighbour → end result is Hell without God.</li> <li>✓ The afterlife and God's Final Judgement is eternal.</li> </ul>	<p>'when the Son of man comes in His glory... he will separate the sheep from the goats'</p> <p>'come to the kingdom prepared for you... for I was hungry and you gave me something to eat...'</p> <p>'whatever you did for the least of these brothers... you did for me'</p> <p>'depart from me to eternal fire... for when I was hungry you did not feed me'</p> <p>'they will go away for eternal punishment... eternal life'</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Final Judgement</li> <li>• Catholic Social Teaching</li> <li>• Charity</li> <li>• The afterlife</li> </ul>
The Lord's Prayer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ We should forgive others as God forgives us</li> <li>✓ God is the only judge (omnipotent, omnibenevolent, omniscient)</li> <li>✓ Jesus sacrificed his life for our sins</li> <li>✓ God has given humans free will</li> <li>✓ Healing Sacraments reconcile our relationship with God.</li> </ul>	<p>'forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive those who trespass against us'</p> <p>'deliver us from evil'</p> <p>'lead us not into temptation'</p> <p>'our father who art in heaven'</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sacraments</li> <li>• Eschatology</li> <li>• Forgiveness</li> <li>• Genesis 3 (origin of evil)</li> <li>• Salvation</li> <li>• Morality</li> </ul>
Commandments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ This is a Christian guide to life.</li> <li>✓ God will be the ultimate judge.</li> <li>✓ Christianity is a monotheistic religion.</li> <li>✓ A path to Heaven.</li> </ul>	<p>Jesus' Greatest Commandments:</p> <p>'Love the Lord your God and love thy neighbour'</p> <p>Examples of the 10 Commandments:</p> <p>'do not kill'</p> <p>'do not steal'</p> <p>'do not lie'</p> <p>'do not commit adultery'</p> <p>'you shall have no other gods before me'</p> <p>'remember the Sabbath day and keep it holy'</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sanctity and Quality of Life</li> <li>• Abortion</li> <li>• Euthanasia</li> <li>• Catholic Social Teaching</li> <li>• Jesus as a Moral Authority</li> <li>• Covenants</li> <li>• Capital Punishment</li> <li>• Salvation and Afterlife</li> <li>• Sacraments</li> </ul>

## All Topics for the GCSE RE Exams

Paper 1: Foundational Catholic Theology - 9th May (1 hr 30 mins)	
Origins and Meanings	Key words
Origins and Meanings	Origins and Meanings: Creation - Genesis
Origins and Meanings	Origins and Meanings: Creation - Science
Origins and Meanings	Origins and Meanings: Can religion and science work together?
Origins and Meanings	Origins and Meanings: Sanctity of Life - St Catherine of Sienna
Origins and Meanings	Origins and Meanings: Sanctity of Life - Attitudes to Abortion
Origins and Meanings	Creation: Accounts of Genesis
Origins and Meanings	Creation: The Role of Humans
Origins and Meanings	Creation: Stewardship
Origins and Meanings	The Bible: Origins and the OT/NT
Origins and Meanings	The Bible: Interpretations e.g. Genesis
Origins and Meanings	Painting: Michelangelo's Creation of Adam
Origins and Meanings	Symbolism: The Tree of Life
Origins and Meanings	Loving and Serving: CST and Human Dignity
Origins and Meanings	Loving and Serving: Catholic Charities
Origins and Meanings	Loving and Serving: Interfaith Society and Dialogue
Good and Evil	Key words
Good and Evil	Good, Evil and Suffering: The Problem of Evil for Catholics (inc St Augustine)
Good and Evil	Good, Evil and Suffering: The Problem of Evil - Philosophical Views
Good and Evil	Good, Evil and Suffering: God's Goodness
Good and Evil	Good, Evil and Suffering: Catholics on the meaning of suffering
Good and Evil	The Trinity: Nicene Creed
Good and Evil	The Trinity: Biblical Links and Teachings
Good and Evil	The Trinity: St Augustine
Good and Evil	Incarnation: in the Bible
Good and Evil	Incarnation: the Problem of Evil - Salvifici Doloris
Good and Evil	Jesus and Moral Authority: Jesus as a Role Model
Good and Evil	Jesus and Moral Authority: Jesus and the Beatitudes
Good and Evil	Jesus and Moral Authority: Other sources of moral authority
Good and Evil	Sculpture and Statuary: Michelangelo's Pieta
Good and Evil	Popular Devotion: Pilgrimages - Lourdes
Good and Evil	Popular Devotion: Popular Piety and the Rosary
Paper 2: Applied Catholic Theology - 16th May (1 hr 30 mins)	
Life and Death	Key words
Life and Death	Death and the Afterlife: Dying Well - Euthanasia - Sanctity of Life (disagree)
Life and Death	Death and the Afterlife: Dying Well - Euthanasia - Quality of Life (agree)

Life and Death	Death and the Afterlife: The Resurrection - Jesus, Humans and the survival of the soul
Life and Death	Eschatology: Judgement Parables
Life and Death	Eschatology: Heaven, Hell and Purgatory
Life and Death	The Magisterium: Popes Bishops and Apostolic Succession
Life and Death	The Magisterium: What is the Magisterium and the Second Vatican Council?
Life and Death	Artefacts: Sarcophagus and Jesus' Passion
Life and Death	Artefacts: The Paschal Candle
Life and Death	Music and the Funeral Rite: Music in the Mass (Hymns and Faure's Requiem compare to modern music)
Life and Death	Music and the Funeral Rite: A Catholic Funeral
Life and Death	Prayer within Catholic Communities: Examples of Prayer and the Importance of Prayer
Sin and Forgiveness	Key words
Sin and Forgiveness	Crime and Punishment: Making Moral Decisions
Sin and Forgiveness	Crime and Punishment: The Aims of Punishment
Sin and Forgiveness	Crime and Punishment: Forgiveness
Sin and Forgiveness	Crime and Punishment: Capital Punishment (agree)
Sin and Forgiveness	Crime and Punishment: Capital Punishment (disagree)
Sin and Forgiveness	Redemption: What is Salvation and Grace?
Sin and Forgiveness	Redemption: Paschal Mystery - the life and death of Jesus
Sin and Forgiveness	Redemption: Is God all loving?
Sin and Forgiveness	Church: the Four Marks of the Church
Sin and Forgiveness	Church: Mary as a Model of the Church
Sin and Forgiveness	Church: the Church as the Body of Christ
Sin and Forgiveness	Church: the Role of the Church for Salvation
Sin and Forgiveness	Buildings: the Architecture of the Church
Sin and Forgiveness	Buildings: Features of the Church
Sin and Forgiveness	Sacraments: Initiation
Sin and Forgiveness	Sacraments: Healing
Sin and Forgiveness	Sacraments: Service
Sin and Forgiveness	Sacraments: the Importance of Mass for Catholics
Sin and Forgiveness	Mission and Evangelisation: Evangelii Gaudium
Sin and Forgiveness	Mission and Evangelisation: Religious Diversity
<b>Paper 3: Judaism - 7th June (1 hr)</b>	
Judaism - Beliefs	Key literacy and an Intro to Judaism
Judaism - Beliefs	The Nature of God
Judaism - Beliefs	Shekinah
Judaism - Beliefs	The Messiah and the Messianic Age
Judaism - Beliefs	Covenants: Abraham
Judaism - Beliefs	Covenants: Moses
Judaism - Beliefs	Pikuach Nefesh and Abortion

Judaism - Beliefs	The Afterlife
Judaism - Practices	The Ten Commandments and Jewish Values
Judaism - Practices	The Mitzvot
Judaism - Practices	The Synagogue (Features and Use)
Judaism - Practices	Worship in the Home (prayer aids and prayers)
Judaism - Practices	The Torah
Judaism - Practices	Kosher
Judaism - Practices	Brit Milah
Judaism - Practices	Bar and Bat Mitzvah
Judaism - Practices	Marriage and Weddings
Judaism - Practices	Funerals and Mourning
Judaism - Practices	Shabbat
Judaism - Practices	Rosh Hashanah
Judaism - Practices	Yom Kippur
Judaism - Practices	Sukkot
Judaism - Practices	Passover